# Impact of AMOC shutdown on Australian precipitation

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- The strength of the Atlantic meridional overturning circulation (AMOC) varied significantly during the last glacial period<sup>1</sup>. Particularly, the AMOC could have been shutdown during Heinrich events as a result of iceberg discharges into the North Atlantic Ocean<sup>2</sup>.
- The AMOC will weaken over the coming century<sup>3,4</sup>.
- The impact of an AMOC shutdown on Australian precipitation is unclear. Here we assess the impact of an AMOC shutdown

### **Experimental design**

- Model used: ACCESS\_ESM1.5
- Boundary conditions: Orbital parameters and GHGs corresponding to pre-industrial (PI) and last interglacial (LIG).
- Freshwater experiments: 0.4 Sv of freshwater added into the North Atlantic under LIG and PI boundary conditions (LIG-FW,



under pre-industrial and last interglacial boundary conditions.

#### *Climatic impact of an AMOC shutdown*

• Air temperature, SST and MSLP anomalies



- PI-FW)
- AMOC collapse is referred to the point when AMOC strength is <5 Sv in both LIG-FW and PI-FW
- Australian precipitation response to AMOC shutdown



LIG-FW – lig-control













Intensification of northern Hadley Cell  $\bullet$ 



Southward shift of the ITCZ

References:

PI-FW – pi-control

LIG-FW – lig-control

Annual Precip



AMOC shutdown leads to intensified DJF precipitation, lacksquareparticularly over Northern Australia. This could be due to the southward shift of the subtropical ridge over the Indian Ocean.

#### **DJF MSLP anomalies**



Different response under LIG and PI boundary conditions, due to northward ITCZ position at the LIG.

#### Work under progress

AMOC shutdown under a glacial climate









#### **Boundary conditions Experiments** 49ka-ic GHGs, Orbital parameters 49ka-ice 49ka-ic + ice sheet mask + vegetation 49ka-XXX 49ka-ice + ice sheet orography 49ka-YYY 49ka-XXX + FW

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180°

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120°W

60°W

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120°E